

SECTION 5. DEMOGRAPHY, LABOR ECONOMY,  
SOCIAL ECONOMY AND POLITICS

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**ASSESSING THE LEVEL  
AND CONSTITUTE SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT OF UKRAINE**

This article summarizes and analyzes the main trends in social development in Ukraine. Background research of the author confirmed the low standard of living and an exacerbation of socio-political crisis in Ukraine. In fact, the generalized trend of social development in Ukraine is experiencing significant destructive changes. The analysis and evaluation components of social development in Ukraine in the context of its economic component in the dynamics showed overall downward trend and low indicators in general. Evaluation method for the Austro selected statistical grouping of certain categories of indicators of social development, namely economic and human resources, housing, health, social care, education, cultural, environmental and economic development. By using an integrated assessment indicator Integral Social Development of Ukraine, which by its terms is low

(about 40% of the target level), and gradually decreased (from 47% in 2009 to a level of 41% in 2013). This trend is explained by the deterioration of the indicators of human resources, education and health, which characterize the quality of human capital in Ukraine. The growing trend for indices such groups as economic resources, culture, housing, living conditions and social protection, quality did not affect the level of social development in the country because they are not systemic in nature and the nature of its surface. Therefore, aspects of social development in Ukraine require systematic monitoring and evaluation in order to prevent and reduce social risks. The development of an open subject of research can be directed at improving methods for assessing development at the macro level and the incorporation of a larger number of statistical indicators.